

## Results of the Lacq pilot's monitoring Focus on microseismicity



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## CCS pilot, Lacq, France

### Introduction

#### Key areas

- Presentation of the Lacq pilot
- Monitoring program
- Micro-seismic monitoring
- Conclusions
- Questions

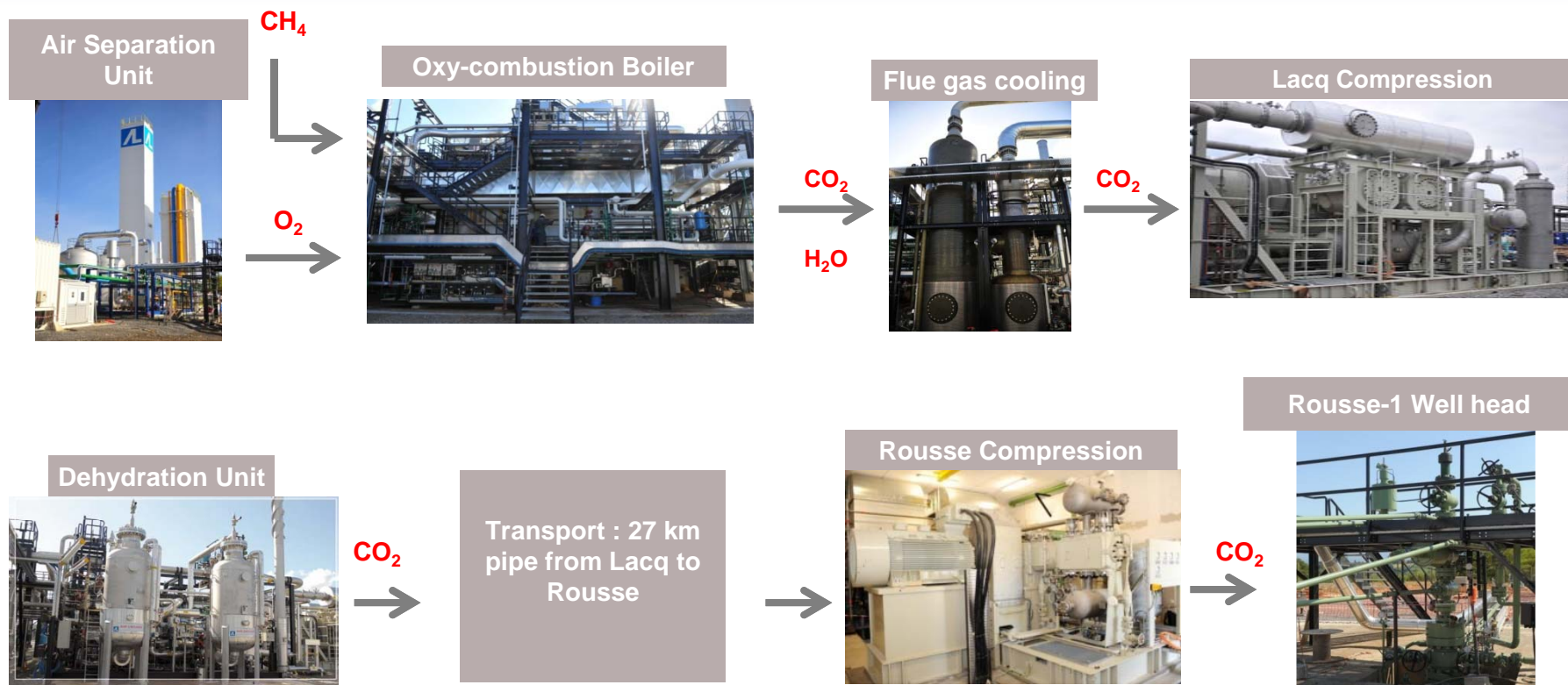




# CCS pilot, Lacq, France

## Pilot Objective and Capture description in Lacq

- ▶ Demonstrate technical feasibility of an integrated onshore CCS scheme
- ▶ Reduced scale (1/10<sup>th</sup>) – 30MW oxycombustion boiler
- ▶ Two sites

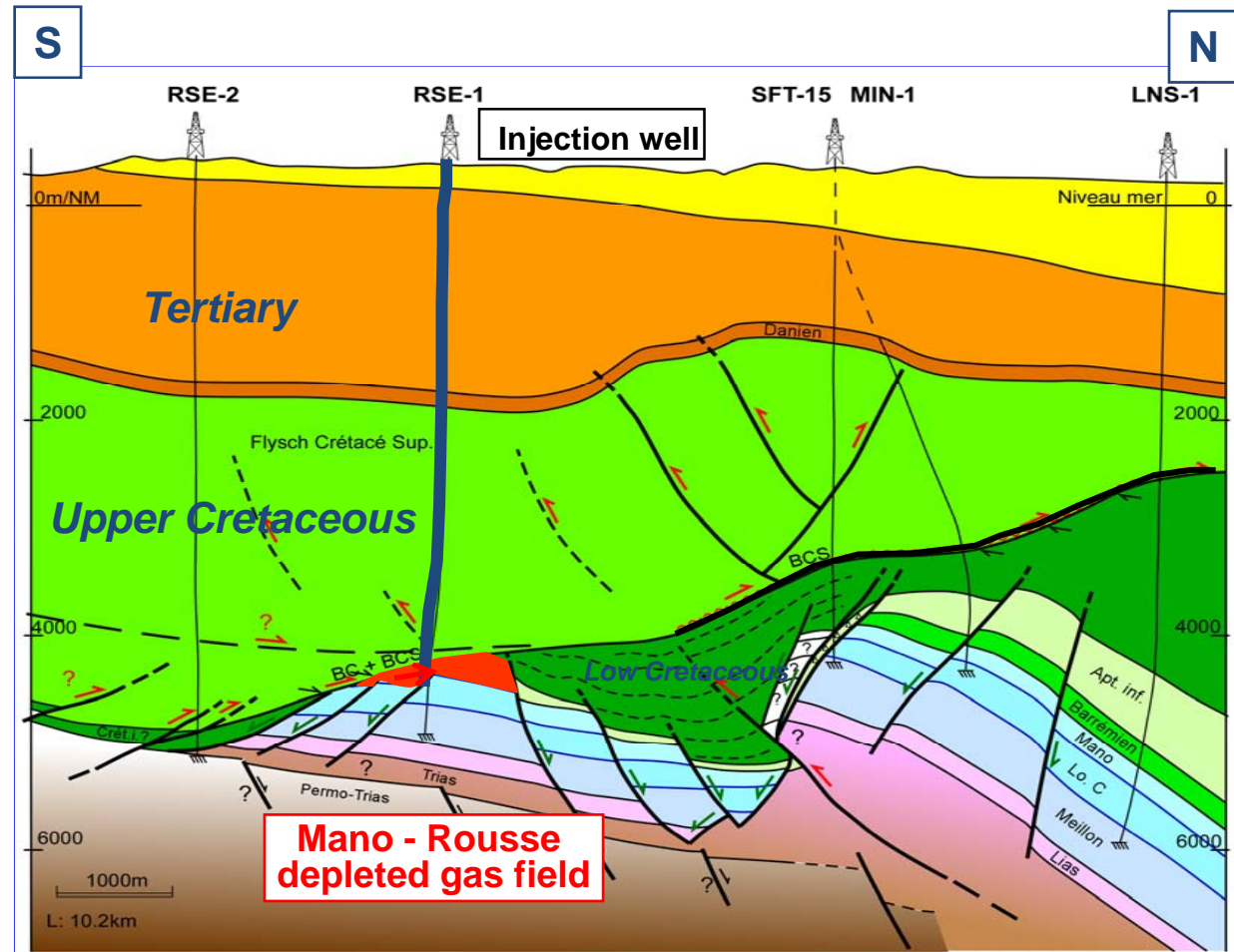




## CCS pilot, Lacq, France

### CO<sub>2</sub> storage into Rousse

- Depleted gas reservoir producing from 1972 to 2006
  - ✓ Depth = 4500m,
  - ✓ Temperature = 150°C,
  - ✓ Initial Pressure = 485 bar
- Fractured dolomitic reservoir
- No aquifer support
- A tightly sealed cap rock
- Maxi injection : 100 ktonnes, pressure@endinjection:100 bar



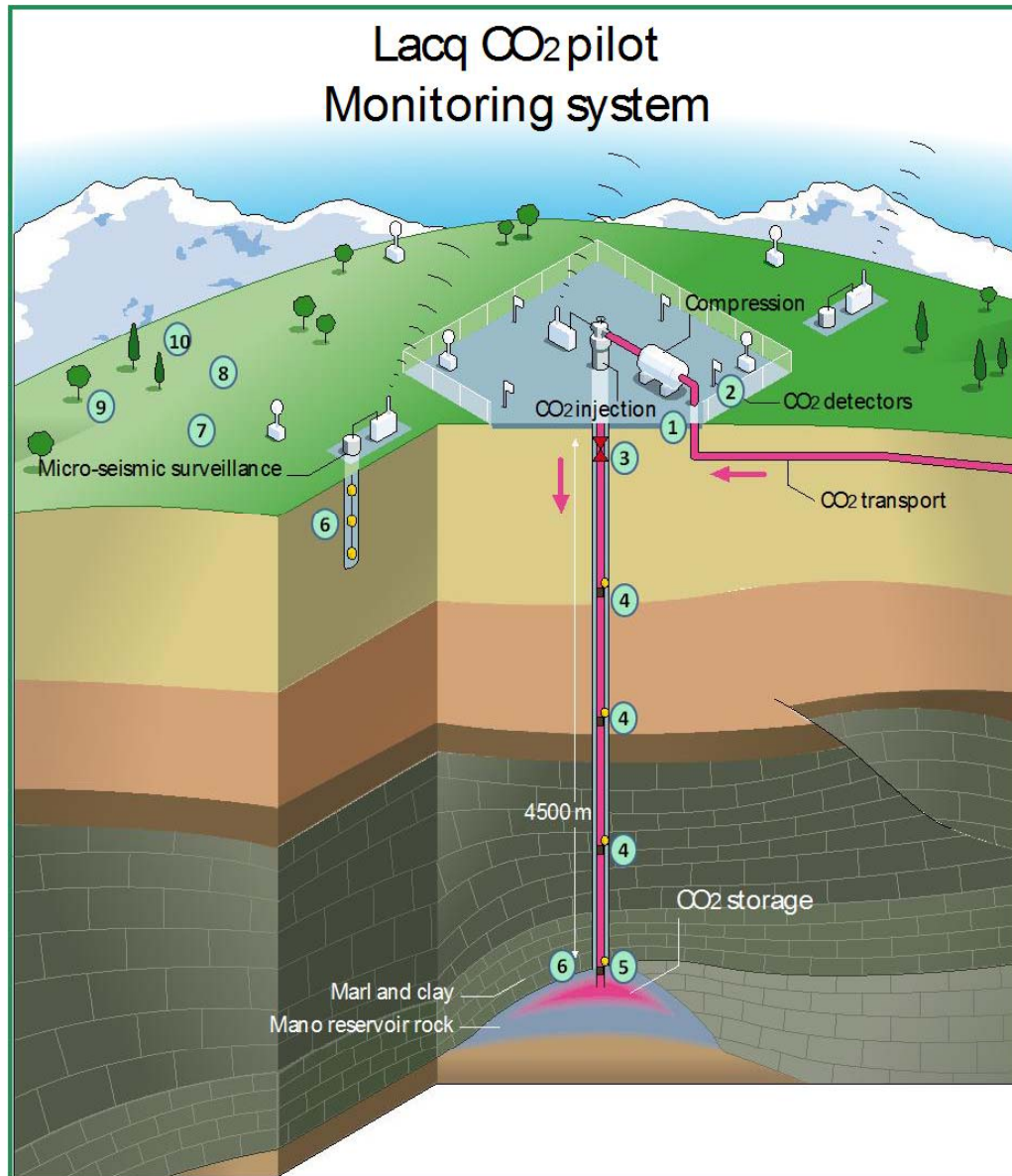
Geological cross – section (S – N)





# CCS pilot, Lacq, France

## Rousse storage monitoring program



### Objectives

- Confirm that CO<sub>2</sub> remains confined in reservoir, to check site integrity
- Check that CO<sub>2</sub> behavior as expected
- Get info to calibrate tools and acquire R&D data
- Follow well integrity and well performance

### 3 periods

- Pre-injection (baseline ante 2010)
- Pilot: Injection + 3 years observation
- Post pilot: to be defined



## Micro-seismicity monitoring

### Objectives, feasibility, design

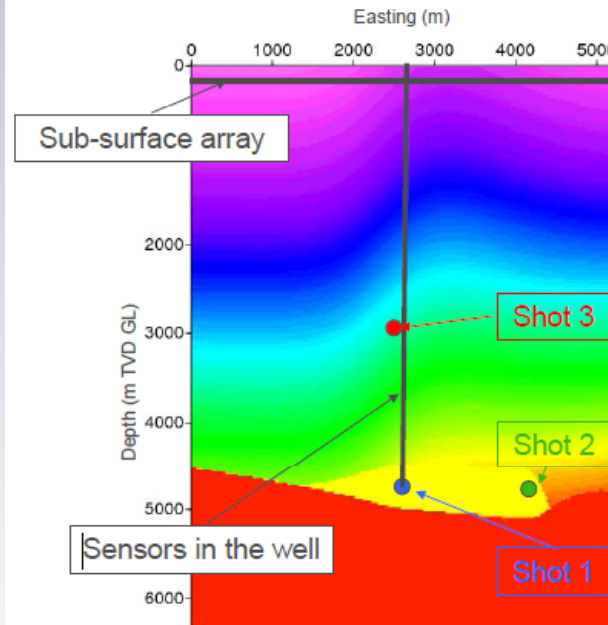
- Objectives :
  - ✓ Confirm that gas remains confined in reservoir
  - ✓ Monitor the reservoir and cap-rock integrity
  - ✓ Get R&D data

2006 - Feasibility study *Performances needed for R&D pilot*

Shot 1 : micro events due to injection – very low magnitude (R&D interest)

Shot 2 : events on border of reservoir

Shot 3 : in caprock (leakage pathways)



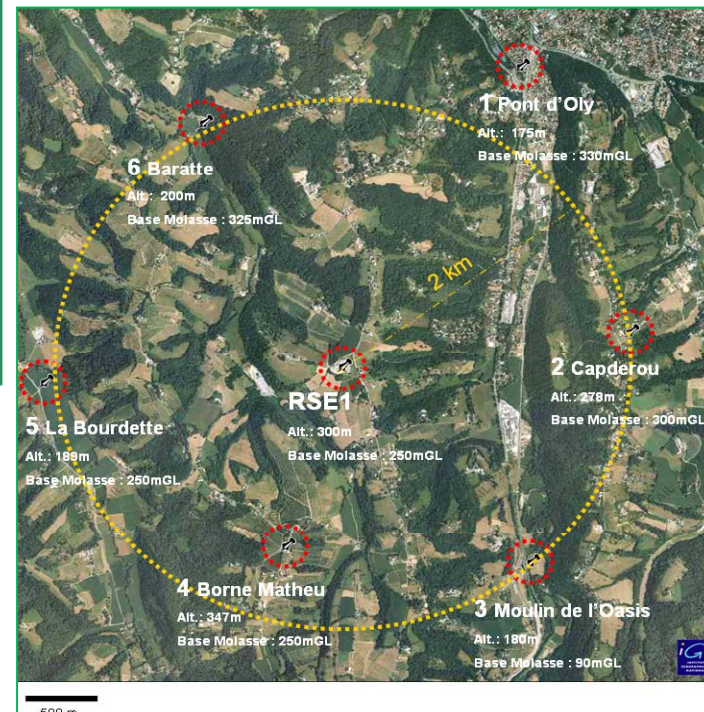
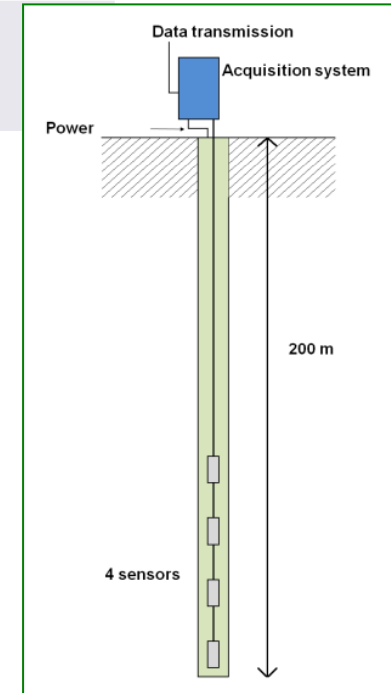
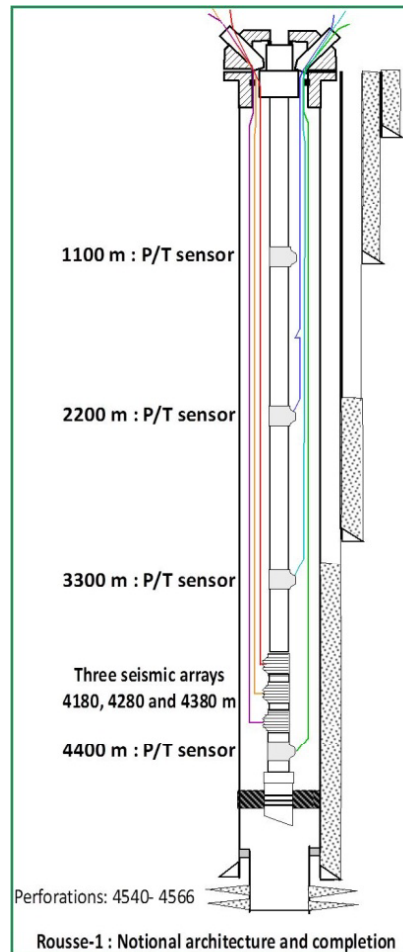
| Magnitude | faille (en m) | Déplacement (en mm) |
|-----------|---------------|---------------------|
| -3        | 0.31          | 0.015               |
| -2        | 1             | 0.05                |
| -1        | 3.1           | 0.15                |
| 0         | 10            | 0.50                |
| 1         | 31.6          | 1.58                |
| 2         | 100           | 5.00                |
| 3         | 316.2         | 15.81               |
| 4         | 1000          | 50.0                |



# Micro-seismicity monitoring

## Network description

- Network is composed of
  - One deep array in injection well - Injection completion inside well
  - Seven subsurface arrays in shallow wells
  - One surface seismometer



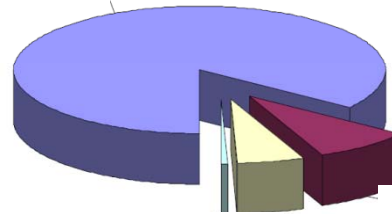


# Micro-seismicity monitoring

## Subsurface network and baseline in 2009

- Information recorded continuously by Magnitude
- Each subsurface array linked to a surface station, standalone
- During baseline, only subsurface network
- Near seismic events localization determined (velocity model 5 \* 5 km provided)

Surface noises

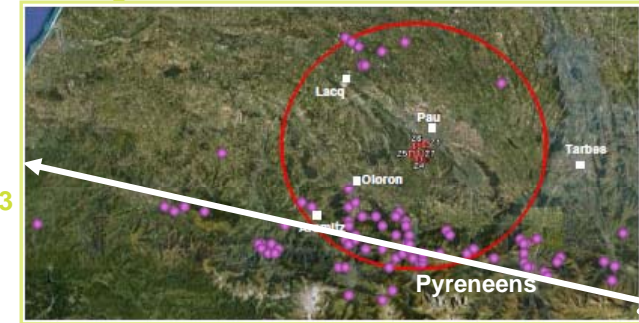


Very near seismic events : 2  
Near seismic events : 18

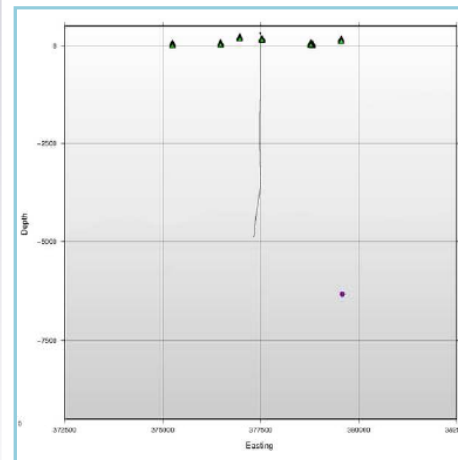
Interference  
Far seismic event : 103

Far seismic event : 103  
Related to Pyrenees seismic activities

Magnitude : from 0 to 4



Very near seismic events  
Magnitude : 0.5



Near seismic events : 18  
Quarry blasts  
Magnitude : from 0.9 to 1.5







## Micro-seismicity monitoring

Data during injection in 2010 and 2011

- January 10 to July 10 : non continuous injection
  - August 10 to December 10 : continuous
  - January to March 11 : no injection
  - Since April 2011: 100 ton/day
- 
- Velocity model : very detailed
    - ✓ 7 layers with velocity law
    - ✓ Evolution of the ratio  $V_p/V_s$
    - ✓ Calibration and orientation of the deep array in June 11

**In 2010, with subsurface network**

**Very near seismic event : 6**

**Magnitude : -1.1 to -0.2**

**Since April 2011, micro-seismic events detected by the deep seismic array in the injection well**

**Magnitude : -3.1 to -1.4**



## Micro seismicity monitoring

### Performances of the network, Alarms thresholds

- Very good performance of whole network

- French administration asked for alarms thresholds

#### Detection sensitivity map

- 3 : near the injection wellbore
- 2 : near the shallow wells

#### Official alarms thresholds

According to magnitude and number of events, alarm procedure is activated

- For seismic events with magnitude above 2, in the circle given by the subsurface network
- For magnitude above -1, if there is evidence of propagation in space and in time of seismic events external to the reservoir





## Micro seismicity monitoring Conclusions

- Rousse seismic network performances as initially defined
- Very interesting data acquired for R&D with deep array
- Few micro-seismic events related to reservoir
- Seismic monitoring adapted for this R&D project

**Thank you for your attention.**

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